The Wyoming Radon Program is a component of the Wyoming Cancer Program in the Wyoming Department of Public Health, Public Health Division. This integration was a great fit for the program because of the correlation between radon exposure and lung cancer. The Wyoming Cancer Program staff is committed to providing low cost test kits to Wyoming residents, as well as information about radon resistant construction and how to test homes. The program also provides information to contractors and real estate agents. The Wyoming Radon Program is funded by the EPA State Indoor Radon Grant (SIRG). The Wyoming Cancer Program works to provide access to cancer screenings, cancer resources and information about radon.

Prevalence of Radon in Wyoming:
- A majority of Wyoming qualifies as Zone 1, and is predicted to have an average indoor radon level at or above 4.0 picocuries per liter (pCi/L).
- Only two counties fall in Zone 2, and those two counties are predicted to have an average indoor radon level above 2.0 pCi/L.

Wyoming Cancer Plan 2016 – 2020: Preventing Cancer from Occurring – Objective 1.2 Radon: Increase the number of Wyoming homes being tested for radon each year.
- Provide low-cost test kits to Wyoming residents, real estate agents, and radon professionals.
- Increase access to radon specific trainings for contractors, real estate agents, and residents.
- Increase awareness about radon as an avoidable environmental cancer risk.
- Research potential synergies between tobacco and radon as it affects cancer risk.
- Research policy, system, and environmental change strategies that could be implemented in Wyoming to support the National Radon Action Plan initiative of reducing radon risk in 5 million homes nationwide by 2020.

Legislation:
- Wyoming does not currently have statewide enacted or proposed legislation regarding radon. One county, Teton, has adopted Appendix F (Radon Control Methods) from the International Residential Code in 2004. In addition, 18 townships have adopted Appendix F.